1			Adopted by Board April 9, 2003	
2			naopoea 2, Boara ngiri 3, 2003	
3		Т	DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING REGULATIONS	
4		_	THE THEOREM TESTING REGULTITORS	
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6	PART	I	AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE.	
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8	The	follo	owing rules and regulations for drug and alcohol	
9			f employees and job applicants by public and private	
10	empl	ployers are duly adopted and promulgated by the Mississippi		
11	State	tate Board of Health pursuant to the authority expressly		
12	conf	erred	by the laws of the State of Mississippi at Sections	
13	71-7-1, et. al., of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Ann.,			
14	here	inaft	er referred to as "the Act".	
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16	-	The purpose of these rules and regulations is to promulgate		
17	standards and guidelines concerning:			
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19	1.		dards for drug and alcohol testing, laboratory	
20			ification, suspension and revocation of	
21		cert	ification;	
22 23	2.	Doder	anagimona that are appropriate for days and algebal	
23 24	۷.	test:	specimens that are appropriate for drug and alcoholing:	
25		LESU.	ing /	
26	3.	Retei	ntion and storage procedures to ensure reliable	
27	J •		lts on confirmation tests and retests;	
28		I CDa.	TOD OIL CONTINUACION CODED AND TOUCHON	
29	4.	Init	ial drug and alcohol tests and confirmation tests;	
30		and	5	
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32	5.	Standard language to be included in employer's drug and		
33		alcol	hol testing notices concerning:	
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35		a.	A statement advising the employee of the existence	
36			of state statutes on employer drug and alcohol	
37			testing;	
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39		b.	A general statement concerning confidentiality; and	
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41		C.	Procedures for how employees can confidentially	
42			report the use of prescription or nonprescription	
43 44			medications prior to being tested.	
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45 PART II. SCOPE.

In the State of Mississippi, every public and private employer who voluntarily implements a drug and alcohol testing policy and program, pursuant to the Act, shall do so in accordance with these regulations. Any person or entity who collects specimens for drug and alcohol testing, who conducts initial and/or confirmation tests, or who conducts retests on specimens after a positive confirmation test, pursuant to the Act, shall do so in accordance with these regulations.

PART III. DEFINITIONS.

Alcohol. Ethyl alcohol.

The Act. Sections 71-7-1, et.al., of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Ann.

Board. The Mississippi State Board of Health.

Confirmation Test. A drug and alcohol test on a specimen to substantiate the results of a prior drug and alcohol test on the specimen. The confirmation test must use an alternate method of equal or greater specificity than that used in the previous drug and alcohol test.

Department. The Mississippi State Department of Health.

Drug. An illegal drug, or a prescription or nonprescription medication.

Drug and Alcohol Test. A chemical test administered for the purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or alcohol or their metabolites in a person's bodily fluids.

Employee. Any person who supplies a service for remuneration or pursuant to any contract for hire to a private or public employer in this state.

Employer. Any individual, organization or government body, subdivision or agency thereof, including partnership, association, trustee, estate, corporation, joint stock company, insurance company or legal representative, whether

domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, and any common carrier by mail, motor, water, air or express company doing business in or operating within this state, or which has offered or may offer employment to one or more individuals in this state.

Illegal Drugs. Any substance, other than alcohol, having psychological and/or physiological effects on a human being and that is not a prescription or nonprescription medication, including controlled dangerous substances and controlled substance analogs or volatile substances which produce the psychological and/or physiological effects of a controlled dangerous substance through deliberate introduction into the body.

Initial Test. An initial drug or alcohol test to determine the presence or absence of drugs or alcohol or their metabolites in specimens.

Laboratory. Any laboratory that is currently certified or accredited by the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act, as amended, by the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, by the College of American Pathologists, or that has been deemed by the State Board of Health to have been certified or accredited by an appropriate federal agency, organization or another state.

MRO. Medical Review Officer.

Medical Review Officer. A licensed physician responsible for receiving laboratory results generated by an employer's drug and/or alcohol testing program who has knowledge of substance abuse disorders and has appropriate medical training to interpret and evaluate an individual's positive test result together with his or her medical history and any other relevant biomedical information.

Nonprescription Medication. A drug that is authorized pursuant to federal or state laws for general distribution and use without a prescription in the treatment of human diseases, ailments, or injuries.

- 131 Prescription Medication. A drug prescribed for use by a duly
- 132 licensed physician, dentist or other medical practitioner
- 133 licensed to issue prescriptions.

SAMHSA. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 136 Administration.

Specimen. A tissue or product of the human body chemically capable of revealing the presence of drugs in the human body.

PART IV. THE DRUGS.

1. An employer may include in its drug and alcohol testing protocols marijuana, cocaine, opiates, amphetamines, phencyclidine, alcohol and other controlled substances. However, if testing for controlled substances other than those specifically named above is conducted, testing for such substances can be done only if an appropriate federal agency has established an approved protocol and positive threshold for each such substance.

2. Specimens collected under Department regulations may only be used to test for controlled substances designated for testing as described in this section and shall not be used to conduct any other analysis or test unless otherwise specifically authorized by Department regulations.

160 3. This section does not prohibit procedures reasonably 161 incident to analysis of the specimens for controlled 162 substances (e.g., determination of pH or tests for 163 specific gravity, creatinine concentration or presence of 164 adulterants).

167 PART V. BODY SPECIMENS APPROPRIATE FOR DRUG AND ALCOHOL 168 TESTING.

170 1. Drugs - Urine for initial and confirmation tests.

172 2. Alcohol - Breath and/or saliva for initial tests;
173 - Blood for confirmation tests.

175 PART VI. COLLECTION OF SPECIMENS; INITIAL TESTING AND ANALYSIS PROCEDURES.

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178 1. Employers who implement a drug and alcohol testing 179 program pursuant to the Act shall contract with 180 manufacturers, vendors, or other providers of drug and 181 alcohol testing devices, or with a laboratory, for the 182 purpose of initial drug and alcohol testing of employees 183 to:

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185 a. Train employees of the employer implementing the 186 drug and alcohol testing program in the collecting 187 of specimens and the administering of initial tests; 188 or

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b. Provide the employer with personnel to collect specimens and administer the initial tests.

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193 2. A specimen for a drug and alcohol test may be taken by any of the following persons:

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a. A physician, a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse;

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b. A qualified person employed by a laboratory; or

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c. An employee or an independent contractor of the employer conducting a drug and alcohol testing program pursuant to the Act who has been trained in the collecting of specimens by a manufacturer, vendor, or other provider of drug and alcohol testing devices, or by a laboratory; or

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d. Any person deemed qualified by the State Board of Health.

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211 3. Any initial drug or alcohol test yielding a positive 212 result shall be followed by an appropriate confirmation 213 test.

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216 PART VII. CONFIRMATION TEST - LABORATORY ANALYSIS
217 PROCEDURES - REPORTING RESULTS.

- 219 1. Employers who implement a drug and alcohol testing 220 program pursuant to the Act shall contract with a 221 laboratory to conduct confirmation tests on specimens 222 which produce a positive result in testing for drugs or 223 alcohol in the initial.
- 225 2. Laboratories, as certified or accredited as defined 226 herein, which conduct confirmation drug and alcohol tests 227 are required to have the following:

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- 229 a. Methods of analysis and procedures to ensure 230 reliable drug and alcohol testing results, including 231 standards for initial tests and confirmation tests. 232
- 234 b. Chain-of-custody procedures to ensure proper 235 identification, labeling and handling of specimens 236 being tested,
- 238 c. Retention and storage procedures to ensure reliable results on confirmation tests and retests, and
 - d. Guidelines on how to establish cut-off detection levels for drugs or their metabolites for the purposes of determining a positive test result.
- 245 4. Results of the confirmation test shall be reported by the 246 laboratory to the employer's Medical Review Officer in 247 accordance with the provisions set forth herein.
- 249 5. All employers shall have a Medical Review Officer who 250 shall be responsible for receiving and interpreting 251 laboratory results of drug and alcohol tests. Said MRO 252 shall be the sole person authorized to review the results 253 of such tests.
- 255 The laboratory shall report confirmation test results to 256 the employer's Medical Review Officer within an average 257 of five (5) working days after receipt of the specimen by 258 laboratory. The report shall identify 259 drugs/metabolites tested for, whether positive 260 negative, the specimen number assigned by the employer, 261 and the laboratory specimen identification 262 (accession number).

- 7. The laboratory shall report as negative all specimens that are negative on the initial test or negative on the confirmation test. Only specimens confirmed positive shall be reported positive for a specific drug or alcohol.
- 270 8. The laboratory shall send only to the Medical Review 271 Officer the drug or alcohol testing results which, in the 272 case of a report positive for drug or alcohol use, shall be signed by the individual responsible for day-to-day 273 274 management of the individual the laboratory or 275 responsible for attesting to the validity of the test 276 reports.
- Unless otherwise instructed by the employer in writing, all records pertaining to a given urine or blood specimen shall be retained by the drug testing laboratory for a minimum of 2 years.
- 283 10. Laboratories will preserve positive specimens in such a 284 manner as to ensure that said specimens will be available 285 for any necessary retests in accordance with the Act.

PART VIII. LABORATORY CERTIFICATION, SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATION.

A laboratory, as defined herein, is such a facility that is currently certified or accredited by the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act, as amended, by the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, by the College of American Pathologists, or that has been deemed by the State Board of Health to have been certified or accredited by an appropriate federal agency, organization or another state. Suspension and/or revocation of its standing as a laboratory by its certifying or accrediting body shall be deemed as suspension and/or revocation of its standing as a laboratory for the purposes of drug and alcohol testing.

PART IX. STANDARD LANGUAGE.

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306 Any employer in the State of Mississippi who utilizes an 307 employee and/or job applicant drug and alcohol testing 308 program, pursuant to the Act, shall in its written policy

309 statement and notice to employees include as a part of such 310 written policy statement and notice the following wording:

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(1) You are hereby advised that (Insert name of employer here) has implemented a drug and alcohol policy and conducts a testing program, pursuant to Sections 71-7-1, et.al., of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Ann. (hereinafter referred to as "the Act"), and you are hereby advised of the existence of said Act.

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interviews, statements, (2) All information, reports, memoranda and test results, written or otherwise, received by (Insert name of employer here) through its and alcohol testing program are confidential communications and may not be used or received evidence, obtained in discovery, or disclosed in any public or private proceedings, except in accordance with the Act and these regulations. Any information obtained by (Insert name of employer here) pursuant to the Act and these regulations shall be the property of the employer. (Insert name of employer here) shall not release to any person other than the employee or job applicant, employer medical, supervisory or other personnel, designated by (Insert name of employer here) on a need to know basis, information related to drug and alcohol test results unless: (a) The employee or job applicant has expressly, in writing, granted permission for (Insert name of employer here) to release such information; it is necessary to introduce a positive confirmed test result into an arbitration proceeding pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement, an administrative hearing under applicable state or local law, or a judicial proceeding, provided that information is relevant to the hearing or proceeding, or the information must be disclosed to a federal or state agency or other unit of the state or United States government required under as regulation or order, or in accordance with compliance requirements of a state or federal government contract, or disclosed to a drug abuse rehabilitation program for the purpose of evaluation or treatment of an employee; or there is a risk to public health or safety that can be prevented by the release minimized or of such information; provided, however, that unless such risk is immediate, a court order permitting the release shall be

obtained prior to the release of the information. The confidentiality provisions provided for by the Act shall not apply to other parts of an employee's or job applicant's personnel or medical files. If an employee refuses to sign a written consent form for release of information to persons as permitted in the Act, (Insert name of employer here) shall not be barred from discharging or disciplining the employee.

(3) An employee or job applicant to be tested shall be given (1) a medication disclosure form to permit the employee or job applicant to disclose any non-prescription or prescription medications that have been taken within the last forty-five (45) days which may result in a positive test result, and (2) a statement that the form shall be submitted directly to the laboratory in order that (Insert name of employer here) has no access to the information disclosed on the form. The procedure for submission of the form shall ensure that no person other than the laboratory has access to the information disclosed on the form.